Name	Class	Date
Skills Worksheet		
Active Reading		

Section: How Species Interact with Each Other

Read the passage below and answer the questions that follow.

An organism that lives in or on another organism and feeds on the other organism is a *parasite*. The organism the parasite takes its nourishment from is known as the *host*. The relationship between the parasite and its host is called **parasitism**. Examples of parasites are ticks, fleas, tapeworms, heartworms, bloodsucking leeches, and mistletoe.

Photos of parasites may make you feel uneasy, because parasites are somewhat like predators. The differences between a parasite and a predator are that a parasite spends some of its life in or on the host, and that a parasite does not usually kill its host. In fact, the parasite has an evolutionary advantage if it allows its host to live longer. However, the host is often weakened by or exposed to disease from the parasite.

IDENTIFYING MAIN IDEAS

One reading skill is the ability to identify the main idea of a passage. The main idea is the main focus or key idea. Frequently, a main idea is accompanied by supporting information that offers detailed facts about main ideas.

1. Give four examples of parasites.	he space provided.
2. What does a parasite get from its host?	· · · ·
7 What is the solution with his	te and its host called?
3. What is the relationship between a parasi	erm or phrase that best completes
In the space provided, write the letter of the teach statement or best answers each question	erm or phrase that best completes
In the space provided, write the letter of the t	erm or phrase that best completes
In the space provided, write the letter of the teach statement or best answers each question 4. A parasite	erm or phrase that best completes 1. 2. A host
In the space provided, write the letter of the teach statement or best answers each question 4. A parasite a. takes nourishment from	erm or phrase that best completes 1. 5. A host a. is like a predator.
In the space provided, write the letter of the teach statement or best answers each question 4. A parasite a. takes nourishment from another organism.	erm or phrase that best completes 1. 5. A host a. is like a predator. b. is the organism a para-
In the space provided, write the letter of the teach statement or best answers each question 4. A parasite a. takes nourishment from another organism. b. always eventually kills its	erm or phrase that best completes 1. 5. A host a. is like a predator. b. is the organism a parasite lives on or in.

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Active Reading continued		
VOCABULARY DEVELOPMEN		
Read each question and write	•	•
6. The prefix para- means "a "grain" or "food." Use this		
7. If the suffix -ism means "t	the practice of," how we	ould you define parasitism?
RECOGNIZING SIMILARITIES	S AND DIFFERENCES	·
One reading skill is the ability to phrases, ideas, or things. This i		
Read each question and write	the answer in the space	e provided.
8. How are parasites and pre	edators alike?	
9. How are parasites and pre	dators different?	
RECOGNIZING CAUSE AND I	EFFECT	·
One reading skill is the ability	to recognize cause and	l effect.
Read each question and write	the answer in the space	e provided.
10. Why is it beneficial for a p	parasite to allow its host	t to live?
11. What effect does a parasit	e's presence usually ha	ve on its host?